EMSTEEL BUILDING MATERIALS PJSC (formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Reports and condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

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Board of Directors' report to the shareholders for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

On behalf of EMSTEEL Building Materials PJSC's (formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC) Board of Directors ("EMSTEEL" or the "Group"), I am pleased to present the Board of Directors' report for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023, together with the reviewed condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period.

Change of Company name

The change of the name of the Company to EMSTEEL Building Materials PJSC from Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC was approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 10 April 2023. The change of the legal name of the Company to EMSTEEL better reflects the nature of our expanded business following the integration of Emirates Steel Industries PJSC ("Emirates Steel") into the Group in October 2021.

Strategic combination with Emirates Steel

Emirates Steel is a leading integrated steel manufacturer in the Middle East. The combination of the Group's building materials businesses and Emirates Steel has created the UAE's largest steel and building materials group with a compelling strategic proposition and strong potential for growth in the UAE and internationally. The transaction provided significant revenue diversification for the Group and marked the first time that investors had access to a steel producer on a UAE public market.

The Group is well placed to scale and grow, create new business opportunities, and ensure that homegrown manufacturers are at the forefront of driving a sustainable, diversified national economy.

Financial performance in the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

The Group's revenue in the first nine months of 2023 was AED 6,483.9 million compared to AED 7,122.5 million in the same period in 2022. The Group's net profit for the period was AED 387.6 million, compared to a net profit of AED 383.2 million in the first nine months of 2022.

Profit before net finance charges for the period increased to AED 463.5 million from AED 437.9 million in the nine months ended 30 September 2022, reflecting a continuance of the anticipated profit performance as envisaged at the time of the business combination with Emirates Steel. The Group's net profit level was similar, year on year, with the increase in operating profits being absorbed by increased finance charges associated with the global increase in interest rates. The Steel Division contributed a net profit of AED 295.3 million and the nine-month period witnessed a continuing recovery in the underlying performance of the Group's traditional Building Materials business units, which collectively generated a net profit of AED 92.3 million.

Review of operations

Emirates Steel

Revenue from Emirates Steel totaled AED 5,813.2 million for the first nine months of 2023 from AED 6,445.2 million in the equivalent period in 2022. Profit from the Steel Division for the first nine months of 2023 was AED 295.3 million as compared to a net profit of AED 334.2 million for the same period in 2022. The level of profitability delivered demonstrated the businesses resilience in the face of continuing market volatility as faced by the global steel sector.

Cement, Blocks and Head Office

External revenue from the Cement and Blocks division was AED 522.0 million for the first nine months of 2023, compared to AED 543.5 million in the equivalent period in 2022. Profit from this segment for the first nine months of 2023 was AED 72.1 million as compared to a profit of AED 41.2 million for the same period in 2022. The enhanced profitability level of reflects the continued recovery in the performance of the Al Ain Cement plant, resulting from increased prices and margins, married with a return to profitability of the downstream Blocks division.

Board of Directors' report to the shareholders for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

Review of Operations (continued)

Other

The Group's other businesses comprise the manufacture and distribution of PVC pipes, GRP pipes and bags. Collectively these businesses reported external revenues of AED 148.7 million for the first nine months of 2023, compared with AED 133.9 million in the equivalent period in 2022. The businesses generated a profit of AED 20.2 million for the first nine months of the year, against a profit of AED 7.7 million in the equivalent period in 2022. The enhanced performance levels of these divisions reflect enhanced levels of demand, in particular for the pipes businesses.

Liquidity

The Group's cash and bank balances were AED 340.3 million as of 30 September 2023 (31 December 2022: AED 357.0 million) and total bank borrowings AED 764.3 million (31 December 2022: AED 1,451.0 million) giving a reduction in the Group's gearing level to 5.2% at 30 September 2023 as against 14.2% at 31 December 2022.

Investments

The share of profit from associates for the first nine months of 2023 was AED 7.6 million compared to profit of AED 5.3 million in the same period in 2022. The Group received dividends from the investments totaling AED 10.0 million in the period (2022: nil).

Total assets and shareholders' equity

The total assets of the Group equaled AED 11.09 billion at 30 September 2023 (31 December 2022: AED 11.47 billion). The value of shareholders' equity was at AED 8.12 billion as of 30 September 2023 compared to AED 7.73 billion as of 31 December 2022.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Jamal S. Al Dhaher Vice Chairman 31 October 2023



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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF EMSTEEL BUILDING MATERIALS PJSC (FORMERLY ARKAN BUILDING MATERIALS COMPANY (ARKAN) PJSC)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of financial position of EMSTEEL Building Materials PJSC (formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") as at 30 September 2023 and the related condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine-month period then ended. Management of the Group is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34)". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim condensed consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

Deloitte & Touche (M.E.)

Mohammad Khamees Al Tah

Registration No. 717 31 October 2023

Abu Dhabi

United Arab Emirates

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2023

ASSETS	Notes	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment in associates Investment property Intangible assets	5 13 6 7 8	6,626,677 358,991 85,089 12,732 7,914	6,903,559 381,279 87,539 13,264 5,901
Total non-current assets		7,091,403	7,391,542
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Cash and bank balances Total current assets	9 10 11	1,900,764 1,754,552 340,315 	2,066,613 1,656,171 357,042 4,079,826
Total assets			-
		11,087,034	11,471,368
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves Share capital Statutory reserve Merger reserve Capital reserve Other reserves Accumulated losses		6,850,000 136,469 1,092,817 3,783 45,760 (12,864)	6,850,000 136,469 1,092,817 3,783 45,760 (400,456)
Net equity		8,115,965	7,728,373
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities Provision for employees' end of service benefits Bank borrowings	13 14	455,345 197,724	461,215 189,143 134,934
Total non-current liabilities		653,069	785,292
Current liabilities Bank borrowings Trade and other payables Loan from a related party Lease liabilities	14 15 12 13	764,306 1,521,856 - 31,838	1,316,102 1,609,619 18,361 13,621
Total current liabilities		2,318,000	2,957,703
Total liabilities		2,971,069	3,742,995
Total equity and liabilities		11,087,034	11,471,368

To the best of our knowledge, the financial information included in the report fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition, results of operation and cash flows of the Group as of 30 September 2023, and for the periods presented in the report.

Jamal S. Al Dhaheri Vice Chairman

Saeed G. Al Remeithi
Director and Chief Executive Officer

Stephen J. Pope Chief Financial Officer

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

		Three-month ended		Three-month ended Nine-month end				
	Notes	30 September		Notes 30 September 30 Se		30 Sept	September	
		2023	2022	2023	2022			
		AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000			
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)			
Revenue		2,053,650	2,510,395	6,483,882	7,122,546			
Direct costs		(1,816,481)	(2,303,723)	(5,737,787)	(6,404,621)			
Gross profit		237,169	206,672	746,095	717,925			
Selling and distribution expenses		(12,400)	(10,286)	(37,672)	(38,738)			
General and administrative expenses		(104,784)	(74,790)	(262,859)	(248,026)			
Share of profit from associates	6	3,620	3,226	7,550	5,274			
Finance costs		(25,815)	(24,210)	(81,710)	(57,126)			
Finance income		2,112	1,709	5,778	2,368			
Other income (net)		7,211	970	10,410	1,477			
Profit for the period		107,113	103,291	387,592	383,154			
Basic and diluted earnings per share	18	0.016	0.015	0.057	0.056			

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

	Three-month ended 30 September		Nine-month ended 30 September	
	2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	2022 AED'000 (unaudited)	2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	2022 AED'000 (unaudited)
Profit for the period	107,113	103,291	387,592	383,154
Other comprehensive income				
Total comprehensive income for the period	107,113	103,291	387,592	383,154

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

	Share capital AED'000	Statutory reserve AED'000	Merger reserve AED'000	Capital reserve AED'000	Other reserves AED'000	Accumulated losses AED'000	Net equity AED'000
As at 1 January 2022 (audited) Total comprehensive income for the	6,850,000	85,448	1,092,817	3,783	(2,297)	(850,642)	7,179,109
period			-			383,154	383,154
As at 30 September 2022 (unaudited)	6,850,000	85,448	1,092,817	3,783	(2,297)	(467,488)	7,562,263
As at 1 January 2023 (audited) Total comprehensive income for the	6,850,000	136,469	1,092,817	3,783	45,760	(400,456)	7,728,373
period		<u> </u>				387,592	387,592
As at 30 September 2023 (unaudited)	6,850,000	136,469	1,092,817	3,783	45,760	(12,864)	8,115,965

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the period Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation and re-measurement of right-of-use assets 13	2023 AED'000 (unaudited) 387,592 395,916 22,288 2,043 532 (7,067)	2022 AED'000 (unaudited) 383,154 397,847 21,310 4,009
Profit for the period Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 5	387,592 395,916 22,288 2,043 532	383,154 397,847 21,310
Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 5	395,916 22,288 2,043 532	397,847 21,310
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 5	22,288 2,043 532	21,310
	22,288 2,043 532	21,310
	2,043 532	·
Amortisation of intangible assets 8	532	
Depreciation of investment property 7	(7,067)	532
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment 5	-	2,175
Income from sale of scrap		(3,417)
Impairment loss on financial assets, net	3,397	4,539
Allowance for impairment of inventories, net Provision for employees' end of service benefits	1,148 15,953	44,722 19,613
Share of profit from associates 6	(7,550)	(5,274)
Finance costs	81,710	57,126
Finance income	(5,778)	(2,368)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Movements in working capital:	890,184	923,968
Decrease in inventories 9	164,701	96,617
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables 10	(101,778)	115,354
Increase in amounts due from related parties 12	•	(1,348)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables 15	(99,491)	13,501
Cash generated from operations	853,616	1,148,092
End of service benefits paid	(7,372)	(10,305)
Net cash generated from operating activities	846,244	1,137,787
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment 5	(125,675)	(126,809)
Payments for intangible assets 8	(4,056)	(3,960)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 5 Dividends received from associates 6	13,708	2,700
Interest received	10,000 5,778	2,368
Proceeds from sale of scrap	-	3,417
Deposits placed with a maturity of greater than three months	-	(146,900)
Net cash used in investing activities	(100,245)	(269,184)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings 14	2,380,645	3,407,113
Repayment of borrowings 14	(3,067,375)	(4,049,254)
Settlement of related party loan 12	(18,361)	-
Finance costs paid 14	(55,077)	(35,930)
Principal repayment of lease liability 13 Interest paid on lease liabilities 13	(1,166) (1,302)	(16,490)
Interest paid on lease liabilities 13	(1,392)	(15,415)
Net cash used in financing activities	(762,726)	(709,976)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(16,727)	158,627
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 11	357,042	335,588
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period 11	340,315	494,215

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

1 General information

EMSTEEL Building Materials PJSC (formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC) ("EMSTEEL" or the "Company") was incorporated in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates ("UAE") as a Public Joint Stock Company pursuant to Ministerial Resolution No. 228 for the year 2006.

The legal name of the Company was approved to be changed to EMSTEEL Building Materials PJSC from Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC during the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 10 April 2023. The use of the new legal name was adopted once the associated legal formalities were finalised.

General Holding Corporation PJSC ("SENAAT" or the "Parent Company") owned 51% of the Company's shares; this ownership interest was increased to 87.5% on 6 October 2021 as a result of the sale of its 100% interest in the issued share capital of Emirates Steel Industries PJSC to the Company for the issue of 5.1 billion additional EMSTEEL ordinary shares. The ultimate parent company of EMSTEEL is Abu Dhabi Developmental Holding Company PJSC ("ADQ") which is wholly owned by the Government of Abu Dhabi.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the performance and financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interest in associates.

The principal activities of the Group include operating, trading and investing in industrial projects and commercial companies involved in the steel and building materials sectors.

The principal activity, country of incorporation and operation, and ownership interest of the Company in the subsidiaries is set out below:

Name of subsidiary/division	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting held by the Group		Principal activity
		30 September 2023	31 December 2022	
Emirates Steel Industries PJSC ¹	UAE	100%	100%	Production and sale of long-steel products
Emirates Blocks Factory*	UAE	100%	100%	Production and sale of cement blocks
Emirates Cement Factory ^{2*}	UAE	100%	100%	Production and sale of packed and bulk cement
Al Ain Cement Factory*	UAE	100%	100%	Production and sale of packed and bulk cement
Anabeeb Pipes Manufacturing Factories*	UAE	100%	100%	Production and sale of pipes, manufacturing pipes, plastic and bags

¹ Emirates Steel Industries PJSC ("Emirates Steel") was acquired on 6 October 2021 from a related party for the issue of 5,100,000,000 ordinary shares.

² The operations of Emirates Cement Factory were discontinued in December 2016 and currently the company is not operational.

^{*}These subsidiaries are all operating divisions of the Company.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)
- 2.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

The following new and revised IFRSs, which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, have been adopted in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The application of these revised IFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior periods but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

IFRS 17 - Insurance Contracts

IFRS 17 establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts and supersedes IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

IFRS 17 outlines a general model, which is modified for insurance contracts with direct participation features, described as the variable fee approach.

The general model is simplified if certain criteria are met by measuring the liability for remaining coverage using the premium allocation approach. The general model uses current assumptions to estimate the amount, timing and uncertainty of future cash flows and it explicitly measures the cost of that uncertainty. It takes into account market interest rates and the impact of policyholders' options and guarantees.

In June 2020, the IASB issued Amendments to IFRS 17 to address concerns and implementation challenges that were identified after IFRS 17 was published. The amendments defer the date of initial application of IFRS 17 (incorporating the amendments) to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. At the same time, the IASB issued Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9 (Amendments to IFRS 4) that extends the fixed expiry date of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 in IFRS 4 to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

In December 2021, the IASB issued Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9-Comparative Information (Amendment to IFRS 17) to address implementation challenges that were identified after IFRS 17 was published. The amendment addresses challenges in the presentation of comparative information.

IFRS 17 must be applied retrospectively unless impracticable, in which case the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach is applied.

For the purpose of the transition requirements, the date of initial application is the start of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the Standard, and the transition date is the beginning of the period immediately preceding the date of initial application.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments to IAS 1 published in January 2020 affect only the presentation of liabilities as current or noncurrent in the statement of financial position and not the amount or timing of recognition of any asset, liability, income or expenses, or the information disclosed about those items. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability, explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period, and introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. The amendments are applied retrospectively.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 – Disclosure of accounting policies

The amendments change the requirements in IAS 1 with regard to disclosure of accounting policies. The amendments replace all instances of the term 'significant accounting policies' with 'material accounting policy information'. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The supporting paragraphs in IAS 1 are also amended to clarify that accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed. Accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The IASB has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' described in IFRS Practice Statement 2.

Amendments to IAS 8 – Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". The definition of a change in accounting estimates was deleted. However, the IASB retained the concept of changes in accounting estimates in the Standard with the following clarifications:

- A change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error;
- The effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

(formerly Arkan Building Materials Company (ARKAN) PJSC)

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Amendments to IAS 8 – Definition of Accounting Estimates (continued)

The IASB added two examples (Examples 4-5) to the Guidance on implementing IAS 8, which accompanies the Standard. The IASB has deleted one example (Example 3) as it could cause confusion in light of the amendments.

Amendments to IAS 12 – Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments introduce a further exception from the initial recognition exemption. Under the amendments, an entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Depending on the applicable tax law, equal taxable and deductible temporary differences may arise on initial recognition of an asset and liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit. For example, this may arise upon recognition of a lease liability and the corresponding right-of-use asset applying IFRS 16 at the commencement date of a lease.

Following the amendments to IAS 12, an entity is required to recognise the related deferred tax asset and liability, with the recognition of any deferred tax asset being subject to the recoverability criteria in IAS 12. The IASB also adds an illustrative example to IAS 12 that explains how the amendments are applied. The amendments apply to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period an entity recognised:

- A deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with:
 - Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities;
 - Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities and the corresponding amounts recognised as part of the cost of the related asset.
- The cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the `opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at that date.

Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9 (Amendments to IFRS 4)

The amendment changes the fixed expiry date for the temporary exemption in IFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts* from applying IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*, so that entities would be required to apply IFRS 9 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments to IAS 12)

The amendments provide a temporary exception to the requirements regarding deferred tax assets and liabilities related to pillar two income taxes. The amendments in International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments to IAS 12) are:

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) (continued)
- 2.1 New and revised IFRSs applied with no material effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (continued)

International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments to IAS 12) (continued)

- An exception to the requirements in IAS 12 that an entity does not recognise and does not disclose information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to the OECD pillar two income taxes. An entity has to disclose that it has applied the exception.
- A disclosure requirement that an entity has to disclose separately its current tax expense (income) related to pillar two income taxes.
- A disclosure requirement that states that in periods in which pillar two legislation is enacted or substantively enacted, but not yet in effect, an entity discloses known or reasonably estimable information that helps users of financial statements understand the entity's exposure to pillar two income taxes arising from that legislation.

The requirement that an entity applies the exception and the requirement to disclose that it has applied the exception immediately upon issuance of the amendments and retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8. The remaining disclosure requirements are required for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

2.2 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not yet applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

New and revised IFRSs

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

Effective date not yet decided

The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of investments retained in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method) to fair value are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture. The effective date of the amendments has yet to be set by the Board; however, earlier application of the amendments is permitted.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

- 2 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) (continued)
- 2.2 New and revised IFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

New and revised IFRSs

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments to IFRS 16)

1 January 2024

The amendment clarifies how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements in IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale.

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendments to IAS 1)

1 January 2024

The amendment clarifies how conditions with which an entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability. Only covenants with which an entity is required to comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. In addition, an entity must disclose information in the notes that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk that non-current liabilities with covenants could become repayable within twelve months.

Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7)

1 January 2024

The amendments add disclosure requirements, and 'signposts' within existing disclosure requirements, that ask entities to provide qualitative and quantitative information about supplier finance arrangements. The amendments supplement requirements already in IFRS Accounting Standards and require an entity to disclose:

- the terms and conditions;
- the amount of the liabilities that are part of the arrangements, breaking out the amounts for which the suppliers have already received payment from the finance providers, and stating where the liabilities sit on the balance sheet;
- ranges of payment due dates; and
- liquidity risk information.

The above stated new standards and amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

There are no other applicable new standards and amendments to published standards or IFRIC interpretations that have been issued that would be expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and also comply with the applicable requirements of the laws in the UAE. They do not include all the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2022. In addition, results for nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2023.

Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in UAE Dirhams (AED) which is the functional currency of the Group, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (AED'000) except when otherwise indicated.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The accounting policies applied by the Group in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective 1 January 2023.

4 Critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Changes in judgements and estimation uncertainty

The critical judgements and estimates used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

5 Property, plant and equipment

During the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023, the Group acquired assets with a cost of AED 125,675 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 126,809 thousand).

The property, plant and equipment of Al Ain Cement Factory, with a net carrying value of AED 811 million, have been pledged against a loan received from a consortium of banks for the construction of the factory (note 14).

Assets with a carrying value of AED 6,641 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 4,875 thousand) were disposed of during the period with net proceeds from sales amounting to AED 13,708 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 2,700 thousand).

The depreciation charge for the period amounted to AED 395,916 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 397,847 thousand).

6 Investment in associates

The movement in investment in associates is as follows:

	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Balance at the beginning of the period/year Share of profit of associates for the period/year Dividends received during the period/year	87,539 7,550 (10,000)	79,728 7,811
Balance at the end of the period/year	85,089	87,539

7 Investment property

No acquisitions or disposals were made to the Group's investment properties in the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (30 September 2022: none). The depreciation charge for the period amounted to AED 532 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 532 thousand).

8 Intangible assets

During the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023, the Group acquired intangible assets with a cost of AED 4,056 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 3,960 thousand). The amortisation charge for the period amounted to AED 2,043 thousand (30 September 2022: AED 4,009 thousand).

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

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Mychtorics	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Finished goods and by-products Semi-finished products: steel billets and direct reduced iron Raw materials Goods in transit Spare parts and consumables	383,694 457,981 330,761 137,822 699,779	521,598 277,104 549,295 198,252 628,489
Less: allowance for impairment of inventories	2,010,037 (109,273) ————————————————————————————————————	2,174,738 (108,125) 2,066,613
The movement in the allowance for impairment of inventories i		2,000,013
	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Balance at the beginning of the period/year Reversal for the period/year Impairment during the period/year	108,125 (7,908) 9,056	114,221 (16,167) 10,071
Balance at the end of the period/year	109,273	108,125

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

10 Trade and other receivables

Non-current portion Trade receivables	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited) 69,797	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited) 69,797
Current portion Trade receivables	(69,797) - - 1,696,216	(69,797)
Less: loss allowance	1,534,756 12,118	(158,063)
Prepayments Advances to suppliers Other receivables	125,472 82,206	93,047 125,242
	1,754,552	1,656,171

The normal credit period on sale of goods or services rendered is up to 60-120 days (2022: 60-120 days) depending on the business segment, security provided and the credit standing of the customer. No interest is charged on outstanding trade receivables.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, the security held (letter of credit, bank guarantees, post-dated cheques etc.) adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the customer operates and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The Group has recognised a loss allowance of 100% against all receivables over 365 days past due since historical experience has indicated that these receivables are generally not recoverable.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g., when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs earlier. None of the trade receivables that have been written off is subject to enforcement activities.

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

10 Trade and other receivables (continued)

The following table shows the movement in loss allowance:

		30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Balance as at 1 January Net remeasurement of loss allowance Receivable balances written-off		227,860 3,397	234,442 (4,639) (1,943)
Balance at the end of the period/year		231,257	227,860
11 Cash and bank balances	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)	30 September 2022 AED'000 (unaudited)
Cash in hand Cash at banks in current accounts	379 339,936	191 356,851	561 493,654
Cash and cash equivalents for cash flow purposes Deposits with maturities over 3 months	340,315	357,042	494,215 146,900
Cash and bank balances	340,315	357,042	641,115

12 Related parties

In the ordinary course of business, the Group enters into transactions at agreed terms and conditions which are carried out on commercially agreed terms, with other business enterprises or individuals that fall within the definition of a related party contained in International Accounting Standard 24 (IAS 24). Related parties comprise shareholders, directors, key management staff and business entities in which they have the ability to control or exercise significant influence in financial and operating decisions.

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

12 Related parties (continued)

The Government of Abu Dhabi indirectly owns 87.5% (31 December 2022: 87.5%) of the Company's outstanding shares. The Group has elected to use the exemption under IAS 24 for government related entities on disclosing transactions and related outstanding balances with government related entities owned by the Government of Abu Dhabi other than the Parent Company and entities it owns and controls. The Group's significant transactions with the Government of Abu Dhabi and other entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the Government of Abu Dhabi are a large portion of its direct cost, lease rental payments and interest payments on certain loans.

The Group also has, at 30 September 2023, loans and cash balances with banks under the common control of the Government of Abu Dhabi, lease liabilities with and payables to Government municipalities and payables to a distribution company owned by the Government of Abu Dhabi.

Balances with these related parties generally arise from commercial transactions in the normal course of business on arm's length basis. Balances with related parties reflected in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position at the reporting date comprised:

	30 September	31 December
	2023	2022
	AED'000	AED'000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Loan from a related party - the Parent Company General Holding Corporation PJSC (SENAAT)	-	18,361

Significant transactions with related parties during the period are as follows:

	Nine-month period ended 30 September		
	2023 AED'000	2022 AED'000	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
Interest on loan from Parent Company		375	
Settlement of loan from Parent Company	18,361		
Purchases from related parties - Agthia PJSC, sister concern	423	498	
Key management compensation			
- Short term benefits	14,551	17,220	
- Post-employment benefits	901 ————————————————————————————————————	1,088	
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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

12 Related parties (continued)

During the period, the Group fully settled the outstanding loan balance due to General Holding Corporation PJSC (SENAAT), the Parent Company, amounting to AED 18,361 thousand.

13 Leases

The Group's obligations are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets for such leases.

Right-of-use assets

30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
381,279	450,944
	(4,555)
(22,288)	(30,135)
-	(38,429)
	3,454
358,991	381,279
	2023 AED'000 (unaudited) 381,279 - (22,288)

The right-of use assets of Al Ain Cement Factory, with a net carrying value of AED 110.5 million, have been pledged against a loan received from a consortium of banks for the construction of the factory (note 14).

Lease liabilities

	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
As at 1 January Disposals/ re-measurement during the period/ year Accretion of interest during the period/year Payments during the period/year	474,836 14,905 (2,558)	510,831 (4,545) 20,251 (51,701)
	487,183	474,836

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

13 Leases (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
31,838	13,621
455,345	461,215
	2023 AED'000 (unaudited) 31,838

14 Bank borrowings

Bank borrowings are contractually repayable as follows:

Bank borrowings are contractually repayable as follows:		
	30 September	31 December
	2023	2022
	AED'000	AED'000
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Non-current		
After one year	-	134,934
Current		
Within one year	764,306	1,316,102
William One year		

The details of the bank borrowings are stated as follows:

		Outstandi	ng at 30 Septem	ber 2023	Outstandi	ing at 31 Decemb	ber 2022
	Maturity	Current AED'000	Non- current AED'000	Total AED'000	Current AED'000	Non- current AED'000	Total AED'000
EMSTEEL							
Term loan 1	2024	134,934	_	134,934	133,734	134,934	268,668
Short term loan 1	2023	30,000	-	30,000	95,000	-	95,000
Short term loan 2	2023	´ -	-	´ -	68,500	-	68,500
Short term loan 3	2023	-	-	-	52,400	-	52,400
Short term loan 4	2023	40,000	-	40,000	10,000	-	10,000
Emirates Steel Working capital facilities	2023	559,372	_	559,372	956,468		956,468
racinties	2023	339,312	-	339,312	930,408	-	930,400
		764,306	-	764,306	1,316,102	134,934	1,451,036

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

14 Bank borrowings (continued)

EMSTEEL

Term loan 1 is a 10-year term loan of AED 1,200 million obtained in 2014 by the Group to finance the construction of the Group's new cement factory. The term loan was payable over 9 years semi-annually commencing from March 2016. The loan carries variable interest at EIBOR plus 2.6%. The term loan is secured by assets with a carrying amount of AED 921.5 million (2022: AED 939 million) (note 5 and note 13). Subsequent to the 2020 year end, the Group entered into an agreement with its Term loan 1 lenders for a repayment holiday up to 17 December 2022. On the expiry of this moratorium period, AED 266.7 million was repaid to the lenders on 17 December 2022 and all subsequent repayments have been paid on their respective due dates. The remaining repayments are due in March 2024 and a final repayment in September 2024.

Short term loan 1 with facility amount of AED 150 million was obtained from an Islamic bank for financing the working capital of the Group. The loan is repayable in 180 days and carries variable interest at three-month EIBOR plus 1.5%.

Short term loan 2 of AED 150 million was obtained from Islamic bank for financing the working capital of the Company. The loan is repayable in 180 days and carries variable interest at EIBOR plus 1.5%.

Short term loan 3 with facility amount of AED 100 million was obtained from a commercial bank for financing the working capital of the Group. The loan is repayable in 180 days carries variable interest at EIBOR plus 1.5%.

Short term loan 4 with facility amount of AED 50 million was obtained from a commercial bank for financing the working capital of the Group. The loan is repayable in 90 days carries variable interest at EIBOR plus 1.5%.

Emirates Steel

Working capital balances relate to facilities extended by two local banks to finance the purchases of certain raw materials and spare parts. These facilities mature within one year and carry effective interest rates of 0.60-0.65% over SOFR and EIBOR. These short-term loans are revolving loan facilities.

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

14 Bank borrowings (continued)

Changes from financing cash flows related to borrowings:

	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Balance at the beginning of the period/year	1,451,036	2,623,448
Settlement of term loans Settlement of short-term loans Proceeds from short term loans Interest paid	(133,734) (2,933,641) 2,380,645 (55,077)	(453,169) (5,048,473) 4,329,230 (58,091)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(741,807)	(1,230,503)
Other changes/liability related Interest expense Changes in accruals	66,805 (11,728)	63,922 (5,831)
Total liability related to other changes	55,077	58,091
Balance at the end of the period/year	764,306	1,451,036
15 Trade and other payables	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Trade payables Accruals VAT payable Interest payable Other payables	1,269,575 85,207 15,858 20,477 130,739	1,301,965 96,997 13,740 8,749 188,168
	1,521,856	1,609,619

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

16 Contingencies and commitments

	30 September 2023 AED'000 (unaudited)	31 December 2022 AED'000 (audited)
Bank guarantees and letters of credit	267,103	209,263
Capital commitments	144,475	31,093
Financial guarantees provided to associates	53,400	53,400

The above bank guarantees and letters of credit were issued in the normal course of business.

The Group has received claims associated with alleged breaches of contract from former suppliers in amounts of AED 55 million and AED 95 million. In the opinion of management, and of external counsel as engaged on these files, the claims are without foundation and the possibility of any liability arising is remote.

17 Segment reporting

The Group has three reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services and are managed separately because they require different technologies and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Board of Directors reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis.

Previously, the Group was managed under five reportable segments. Following the acquisition of Emirates Steel, however, this has been rationalised to three segments. This reflects the quantum of Emirates Steel, with a number of the smaller business units having been consolidated for management control purposes.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Steel the manufacture and distribution of long-steel products;
- Cement and Blocks the production and sale of cement and concrete blocks;
- Other including the production and distribution of glass reinforced polyester ("GRP") pipes; polyvinyl chloride ("PVC") pipes; and bags.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured on segment profit as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's CEO and Board of Directors. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

17 Segment reporting (continued)

For the period ended 30 September 2023 (unaudited):	Steel AED'000	Cement, Blocks and Head Office AED'000	Pipes and others AED'000	Eliminations AED'000	Group AED'000
External revenues	5,813,206	521,966	148,710	<u>-</u>	6,483,882
Intersegment revenue	-	-	7,565	(7,565)	-
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	5,813,206	521,966	148,710	-	6,483,882
Interest expense	50,029	31,418	263	-	81,710
Depreciation and amortisation	373,745	41,699	5,335	-	420,779
Share of profit of equity accounted investees	-	7,550		<u> </u>	7,550
Profit for the period	295,261	72,086	20,245	-	387,592
As at 30 September 2023 (unaudited): Total assets	9,170,902	1,883,710	200,805	(168,383)	11,087,034
Total liabilities	(2,264,338)	(761,574)	(113,540)	168,383	(2,971,069)

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

17 Segment reporting (continued)

For the period ended 30 September 2022 (unaudited):	Steel AED'000	Cement, Blocks and Head Office AED'000	Pipes and others AED'000	Eliminations AED'000	Group AED'000
External revenues	6,445,151	543,533	133,862	<u>-</u>	7,122,546
Intersegment revenue	-	-	5,984	(5,984)	-
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	6,445,151	543,533	133,862	-	7,122,546
Interest expense	28,760	28,366	-	-	57,126
Depreciation and amortisation	375,488	42,752	5,458	-	423,698
Share of profit of equity accounted investees	-	5,274	-	-	5,274
Profit for the period	334,207	41,237	7,710	-	383,154
As at 31 December 2022 (audited): Total assets	9,348,845	1,893,141	236,271	(6,889)	11,471,368
Total liabilities	(2,737,542)	(836,191)	(176,151)	6,889	(3,742,995)

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Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

18 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The following reflects the profit and shares data used in computations of earnings per share:

	Three-month period ended 30 September		Nine-month pe 30 Septer	
	2023 (unaudited)	2022 (unaudited)	2023 (unaudited)	2022 (unaudited)
Profit for the period (AED'000)	107,113	103,291	387,592	383,154
Weighted average number of shares in issue (thousands of				
shares)	6,850,000	6,850,000	6,850,000	6,850,000
Earnings per share (AED)	0.016	0.015	0.057	0.056
	<u> </u>			

There were no potentially dilutive securities as at 30 September 2023 or at 2022 and, accordingly, diluted earnings per share is equivalent to the basic earnings per share.

19 Seasonality of results and the Russia-Ukraine conflict

No significant income of a seasonal nature was recorded in the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss for the nine-month periods ended 30 September 2023 and 2022.

The current Russia-Ukraine conflict has not had a material impact on the Group's supply chain; whilst certain volumes of iron ore feedstock have, in the past, been sourced from Russia, together with certain consumable materials, alternate lines of supply have been established to replace such materials. It is further noted that the Group has no significant customers based in the CIS region.

Whilst the crisis has impacted global commodity prices, the Group has recovered the cost increases incurred in increased sales prices.

20 Corporate income tax

On 3 October 2022, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Ministry of Finance ("MoF") issued Federal Decree-Law No 47 of 2022 on the Taxation of Corporations and Businesses, Corporate Tax Law ("CT Law") to implement a new CT regime in the UAE. The new CT regime is applicable for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2023.

Generally, UAE businesses will be subject to a 9% CT rate, however a rate of 0% will be applied to taxable income not exceeding AED 375,000 or to certain types of entities, as prescribed by way of a Cabinet Decision.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 (continued)

20 Corporate income tax (continued)

The Group is currently assessing the impact of these laws and regulations and will apply the requirements as further guidance is provided by the relevant authorities.

21 Approval of condensed consolidated interim financial statements

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 31 October 2023.